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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/788,365	02/21/2001	Tuqiang Ni	015290-517	3359	
Peter K. Skiff	7590 11/14/200	EXAMINER			
BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, VA 22313-1404			ZERVIGON, RUDY		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1792		
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			11/14/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/788,365	NI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Rudy Zervigon	1792			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES and time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: Folk (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 A</u>	ugust 2007.				
2a)[_	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 25 and 28-45 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 25 and 28-45 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119	<b>,</b>				
12)[ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmer	nt(s)					
1) Noti 2) Noti 3) Info	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on April 6, 2007, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new groud of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by signing below:

PARVIZ HASSANZADEH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 25, and 28-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koshimizu; Chishio (US 5,935,373 A) in view of Namose; Isamu (US 5200016 A). Koshimizu teaches a gas injector (156; Figure 1) for supplying process gas to a plasma processing chamber (102; Figure 1) wherein a semiconductor substrate ("W"; Figure 1) is subjected to plasma

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processing, the gas injector (156; Figure 1) sized to extend through a chamber wall (108; Figure 1) of the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) such that a planar axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body is exposed within the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) – claim 25

#### Koshimizu further teaches:

- i. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) includes a planar axial end face (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) which is dimensioned so as to be flush with an interior surface of a dielectric window (108; Figure 1) forming the chamber wall (108; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 29
- ii. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes a surface (top surface of 156; Figure 1) adapted to overlie an outer surface (top of 108) of the chamber (102; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 33
- iii. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes an annular flange (top surface of 156; Figure 1) having a surface (surface outside of chamber at 156/108 interface; Figure 1) adapted to overlie and contact an outer surface (top of 108) of the chamber wall (108; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 34
- iv. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body is substantially planar, as claimed by claim 37
- v. A gas injector (156; Figure 1) for supplying process gas to a plasma processing chamber (102; Figure 1) wherein a semiconductor substrate ("W"; Figure 1) is subjected to plasma processing, the gas injector (156; Figure 1) comprising: gas injector (156; Figure 1) body

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sized to extend through a chamber wall (108; Figure 1) of the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) such that an axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body is exposed within the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) – claim 39

- vi. a cylindrical bore adapted to supply gas to the gas outlet, the cylindrical bore being defined by a sidewall and an endwall which extends radially inwardly from the sidewall claim 39
- vii. an annular flange (top surface of 156; Figure 1) adapted to overlie and contact an outer surface of the chamber wall (108; Figure 1) claim 39
- viii. A gas injector (156; Figure 1) for supplying process gas to a plasma processing chamber (102; Figure 1) wherein a semiconductor substrate ("W"; Figure 1) is subjected to plasma processing, the gas injector (156; Figure 1) comprising: a gas injector (156; Figure 1) body sized to extend through a chamber wall (108; Figure 1) of the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) such that an axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body is exposed within the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) claim 41
- ix. wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes a uniform diameter central bore adapted to supply gas to the gas outlet, the central bore extending axially from an upper axial end face (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body, the central bore being defined by a cylindrical sidewall and a flat circular, planar endwall extending between the cylindrical sidewall, inlets of the gas outlets being located on the planar endwall claim 41

### Koshimizu does not teach:

- i. the gas injector (156; Figure 1) comprising gas injector (156; Figure 1) body of dielectric
   material claim 25
- ii. the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body including a plurality of gas outlets adapted to supply process gas into the processing chamber (102; Figure 1), wherein the gas outlets are located in the planar axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body and the gas outlets are sized to inject the process gas at a subsonic, sonic or supersonic velocity claim 25
- iii. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, the gas outlets include a center gas outlet extending in the axial direction and a plurality of angled gas outlets extending at an acute angle to the axial direction, as claimed by claim 28
- iv. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 29, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) includes at least one seal adapted to contact the dielectric window (108; Figure 1) when the gas injector (156; Figure 1) is mounted in the dielectric window (108; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 30
- v. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas outlets include a plurality of angled gas outlets which inject process gas at an acute angle relative to a plane parallel to the distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface, as claimed by claim 31
- vi. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) is adapted to be removably mounted in an opening in the chamber wall (108; Figure 1) and includes at least one O-ring providing a vacuum seal between the gas injector (156; Figure 1) and the chamber wall (108; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 32

- vii. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes at least one O-ring seal on an outer surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body, as claimed by claim 35
- viii. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes a first O-ring seal on an outer surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body and a second O-ring seal in a surface of a flange extending from the outer surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body, as claimed by claim 36
  - ix. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 25, wherein all of the gas outlets supply process gas through the distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body, as claimed by claim 38
  - x. the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body including a plurality of gas outlets adapted to supply process gas into the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) and a cylindrical bore adapted to supply gas to the gas outlets, the cylindrical bore being defined by a sidewall and an endwall which extends radially inwardly from the sidewall, the gas outlets including a center gas outlet extending from the endwall in the axial direction and a plurality of angled gas outlets extending from the endwall at an acute angle to the axial direction, wherein the gas outlets are located in the axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body; an annular flange (top surface of 156; Figure 1) adapted to overlie and contact an outer surface of the chamber wall (108; Figure 1); and a first O-ring in a surface of the flange for sealing against the outer surface of the chamber wall (108; Figure 1) claim 39

- xi. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 39, comprising a second O-ring seal on an outer surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body, as claimed by claim 40
- xii. the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body including a plurality of gas outlets adapted to supply process gas into the processing chamber (102; Figure 1), wherein the gas outlets are located in the axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body and the gas outlets being sized to inject the process gas at a subsonic, sonic or supersonic velocity claim 41
- xiii. A gas injector (156; Figure 1) for supplying process gas to a plasma processing chamber (102; Figure 1) wherein a semiconductor substrate ("W"; Figure 1) is subjected to plasma processing, the gas injector (156; Figure 1) comprising a gas injector (156; Figure 1) body made of a dielectric material selected from the group consisting of quartz, alumina and silicon nitride and sized to extend through a chamber wall (108; Figure 1) of the processing chamber (102; Figure 1) such that a planar axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body is exposed within the processing chamber (102; Figure 1), the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body including a plurality of gas outlets adapted to supply process gas into the processing chamber (102; Figure 1), wherein the gas outlets are located in the planar axial distal end (bottom portion of 156; Figure 1) surface of the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body and the gas outlets being sized to inject the process gas at a subsonic, sonic or supersonic velocity, as claimed by claim 42
- xiv. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 28, wherein the gas injector (156; Figure 1) body includes 8 of the angled gas outlets, as claimed by claim 43

xv. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 28, wherein the acute angle is 10 to 70°, as claimed by claim 44

xvi. The gas injector (156; Figure 1) of Claim 28, wherein the angled gas outlets direct the process gas such that the process gas does not flow directly towards a substrate ("W"; Figure 1) being processed, as claimed by claim 45

Namose teaches a semiconductor manufacturing apparatus (Figures 1-3) including plural, angled, outlets (5; Figure 2,3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to optimize the dimensions of Koshimizu's gas injector outlets as taught by Namose, made from process compliant materials and sealed for hemiticity.

Motivation to optimize the dimensions of Koshimizu's gas injector outlets as taught by Namose, is for processing uniformity Namose (column 3; lines 15-38) and for insulating from Koshimizu's conductive coils as taught by Koshimizu (column 3; lines 40-59).

#### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Rudy Zervigon whose telephone number is (571) 272-1442. The examiner can normally be reached on a Monday through Thursday schedule from 8am through 7pm. The official fax phone number for the 1792 art unit is (571) 273-8300. Any Inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Chemical and Materials Engineering art unit receptionist at (571) 272-1700. If the examiner can not be reached please contact the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh, at (571) 272-1435.